# A NEED TO MEND THE BEND? INDUSTRY DECARBONIZATION AND MARKET STABILITY IN THE YEARS AHEAD

SESSION I: PRICES AND INDUSTRY DEMAND FOR ALLOWANCES THROUGH 2030





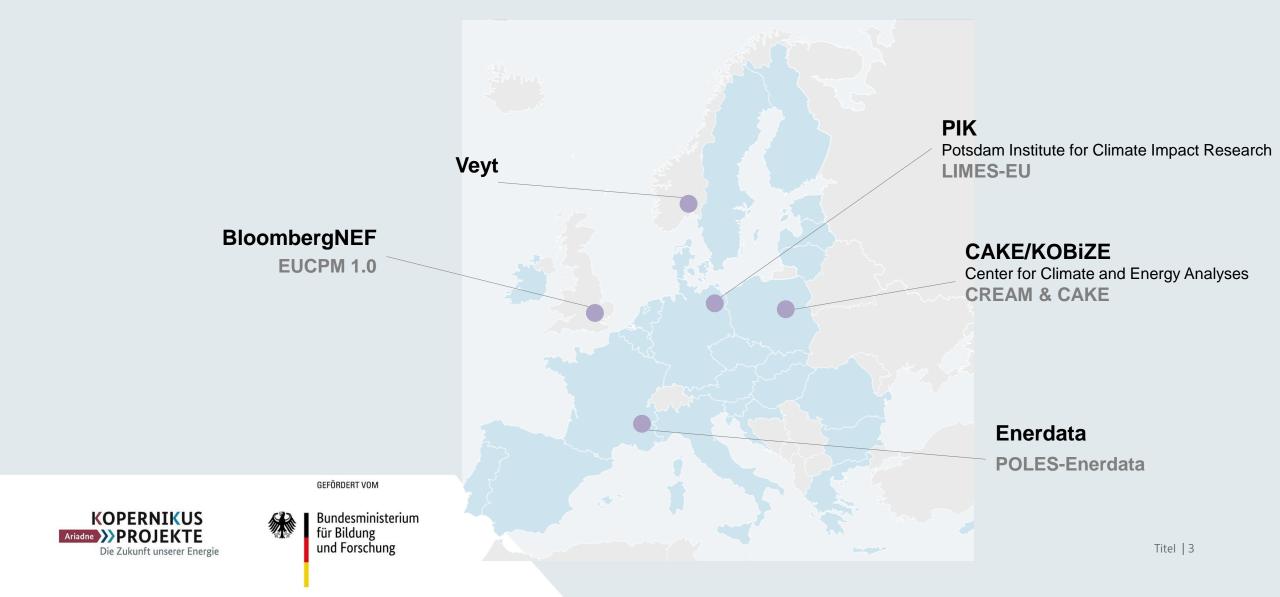


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## FIVE DIFFERENT ORGANIZATIONS & MODELS



#### MODELLING APPROACHES

#### **EU ETS simulation**

- > EU ETS module
  Supply / Demand of certificates
- > Simulation of MSR

# Representation of sectors

	Detailed representation	MAC curves	Emission projections	
Power sector				BNEF
Heating				<ul><li>Enerdata</li><li>PIK</li><li>CAKE</li></ul>
Industry				
Aviation, Maritime				
Other				

**Foresight** 

- > Limited foresight of actors (new benchmark approach)
- > Perfect foresight (only LIMES)





#### HISTORIC EUA PRICES AND MSR OPERATION

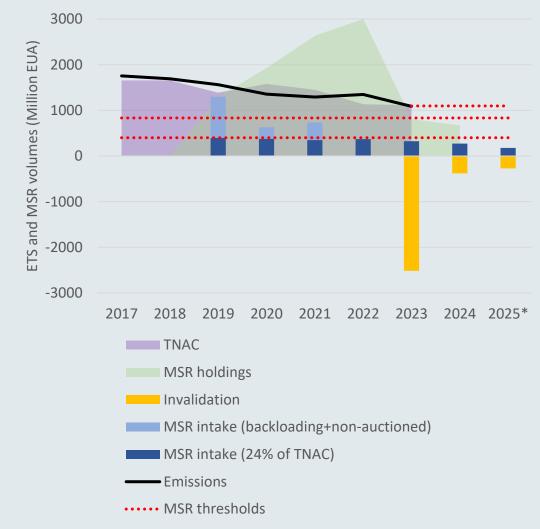


Source: <u>Carbon Price Viewer</u> (Sandbag)



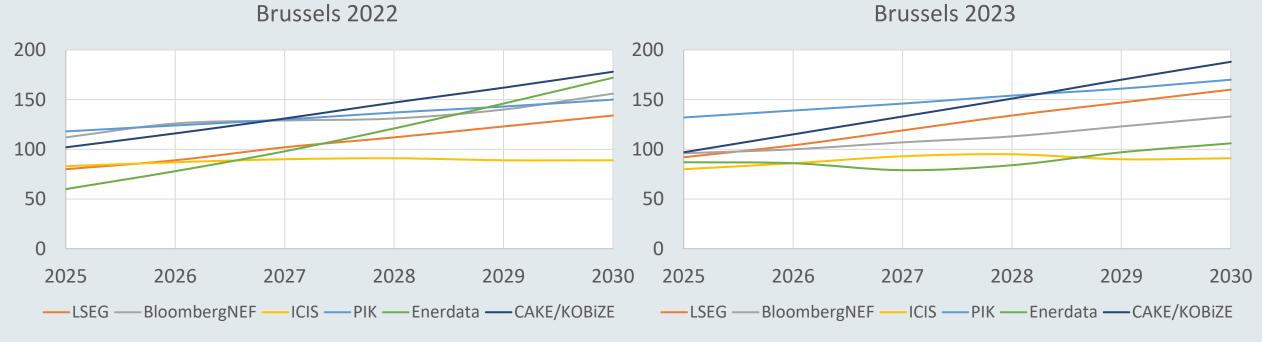


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Source: Annual Publication of the total number of allowances in circulation between 2017 and 2024 (<u>EU</u> COM - MSR); own elaboration

#### **BACK IN TIME**



Remarkable convergence between the different modelling approaches (except for ICIS) in the forecasted price towards 2030

-> There are fewer choices in the medium to long term than in the short-medium term.

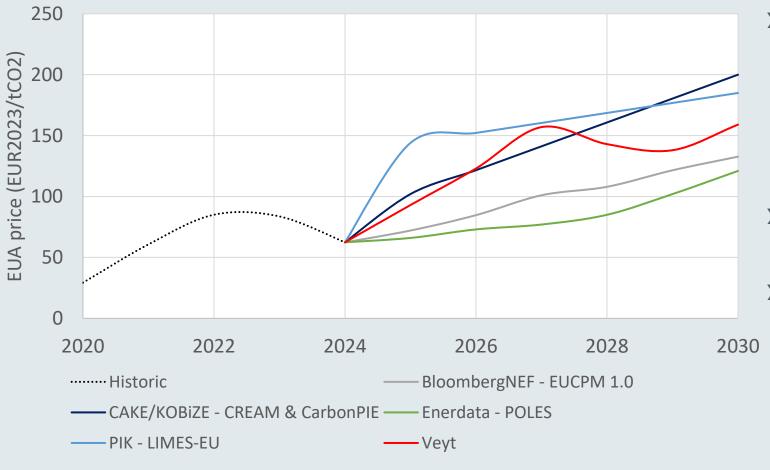
Prices rather diverging towards 2030, but overall around the same magnitude and following an upward trend

- > Prices in 2025 higher but still mostly below 100 EUR/tCO2
- > Still some projections with rather flat prices (ICIS, Enerdata)





# PRICE PATHS (FIT FOR 55 TARGET, DEFAULT SCENARIO)



- > Prices of 66-144 EUR/tCO2 in 2025 to 121-200 EUR/tCO2 in 2030,
  - **>** Almost constant range of ~80 EUR/tCO2
  - > Enerdata still with lowest prices, and PIK/CAKE-KOBiZE with highest
- **)** Last year: Prices of 80-132 EUR/tCO2 in 2025 to 91-188 EUR/tCO2 in 2030
- **>** What changed wrt 2023?
  - Prices seem to adjust to new reality: lower in 2025 following downward trend in the last year, and higher in the longer term amid higher EUA scarcitiy
  - All projections with prices in 2030 above 100 EUR/tCO2 and upward trend

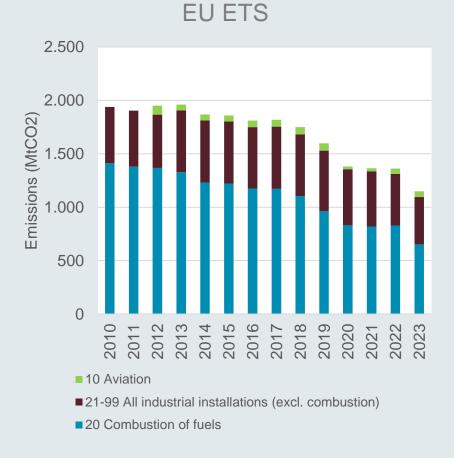




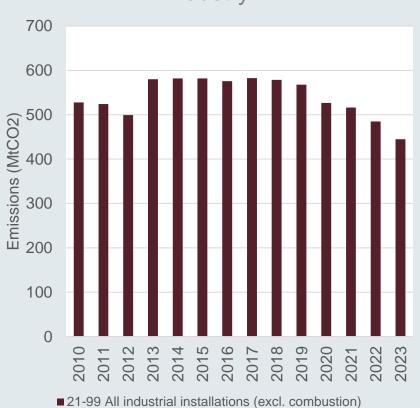
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\* Note that prices indicated as real are harmonized to EUR2023 using <u>EUROSTAT</u> inflation rates

#### **CURRENT STATE OF INDUSTRY**







Source: EU ETS data viewer

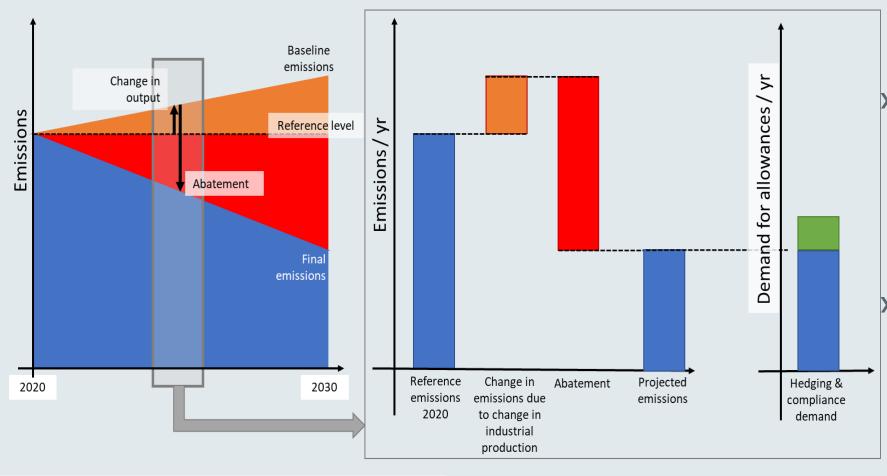
- > Substantial decrease in EU ETS (16% in 2023), mainly driven by reductions in power sector (-21%), but also industry (-8%)
- **)** Industry: sustained decrease in emissions since 2018 (-23%)

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**KOPERNIKUS** 



#### DISENTANGLING EVOLUTION OF INDUSTRY DECARBONISATION



Main Drivers of EUA Demand:
Industry emissions evolve due to
production changes (rising or
declining) and policy-driven
abatement, forming baseline and
projected emissions.

Demand for allowances covering projected emissions and hedging costs of future emissions.

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## INDUSTRY OUTLOOK





- Wide range of demand for EUA, with average decreasing from 604 to 555 million EUA
  - > BNEF: higher demand for EUA in 2030 despite lower emissions (compliance)
  - Hedging not reported by Enerdata and PIK due to model features, but substantially lower emissions than in BNEF and CAKE
  - > Expected level of emissions in the longer term? Hedging behavior?





